INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2005

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OFFICIALS

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	BOARD OF EDUCATION	
	(Before September, 2004 Election)	
Gary O'Connor Rick Demaray Bill Dolan Lisa Paulus Pat Rooney	President	2004 2004 2005 2006 2004
	(After September, 2004 Election)	
Gary O'Connor Bill Dolan Stephanie Laudner Lisa Paulus Pat Rooney	President	2007 2005 2007 2006 2005

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Gary Schwartz

Janice Kuhlers

District Secretary/
Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of Education of the Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District, Rockford, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards and provisions require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2005 on our consideration of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 30 thru 32 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2004 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

November 3, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2005 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$4,439,515 in fiscal 2004 to \$4,404,361 in fiscal 2005 (a 1% decrease), while General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,531,093 in fiscal year 2004 to \$4,618,244 in fiscal 2005 (a 2% increase).
- The decrease in General Fund revenues was primarily attributable to a decrease in tuition revenues. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an increase in the negotiated salary and benefits. The General Fund balance decreased over \$213,000 in the past fiscal year, a 34% decrease.
- An increase in interest rates during the past year resulted in an increase in interest earnings.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are Government-wide financial statements that provide both shortterm and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide statements.
- The statements for governmental funds explain how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- The statement for proprietary funds offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major Special Revenue Funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various programs benefiting the District.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

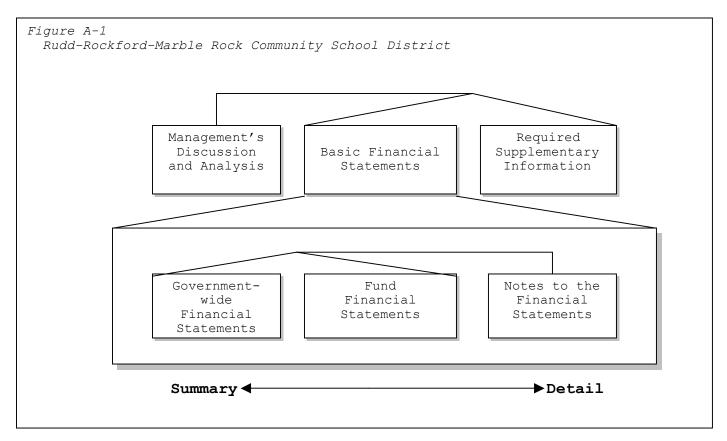


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain the remainder of this overview section of the management discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-Wide	Fund Financial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds			
Scope	Entire district	The activities of the district that are not proprietary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses, such as food service			
Required financial statements	. Statement of net assets . Statement of activities	. Balance sheet . Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	. Statement of net assets . Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets . Statement of cash flows			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two Government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the Government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid, finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how much cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the Government-wide statements. The District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one enterprise fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets - Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2005 compared to June 30, 2004.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	(expressed in thousands)							
	Govern	mental	Business	s-type	Tot	al	Percentage	
	Activi	Activities		Activities		School District		
	June	30,	June	June 30,		June 30,		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2004-2005	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	_	
Current assets	3,283	3,151	6	15	3,289	3,166	3.89%	
Capital assets	3,168	2,967	10	7	3,178	2,974	<u>6.86%</u>	
Total assets	6,451	6,118	16	22	6,467	6,140	<u>5.33%</u>	
Current liabilities	2,390	2,231	74	51	2,464	2,282	7.98%	
Non-current liabilities	880	1,075			880	1,075	<u>-18.14%</u>	
Total liabilities	3,270	3,306	74	51	3,344	3,357	<u>-0.39%</u>	
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	2,288	1,892	10	7	2,298	1,899	21.01%	
Restricted	475	361	-	_	475	361	31.58%	
Unrestricted	418	559	(68)	(36)	350	523	<u>-33.08%</u>	
Total net assets	3,181	2,812	(58)	(29)	3,123	2,783	<u>12.22%</u>	

The increase in total net assets is due primarily to the Capital Projects Fund increase. The unrestricted net assets decreased due to the General Fund decrease. Current and projected revenues are inadequate to properly fund existing programs.

Changes in net assets - figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Figure A-4
Change in Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

			Total
	Governmental	Business-type	School
	Activities	Activities	District
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for service and sales	178	125	303
Operating grants, contributions			
and restricted interest	767	109	876
General revenues:			
Property tax	2,130	-	2,130
Local option sales tax	281	_	281
Unrestricted state grants	1,982	_	1,982
Unrestricted investment earnings	20	-	20
Other	50		50
Total revenues	5,408	234	5,642
Program expenses:			
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	3,248	-	3,248
Support Services	1,446	-	1,446
Non-instructional programs	-	263	263
Other expenses	345	<u> </u>	345
Total expenses	5,039	263	5,302
Change in net assets	369	(29)	340

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 73% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 89% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$5,407,745 and expenses were \$5,039,192.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses.

	Figur	Figure A-5				
	Total and Net Cost of (Governmental Activities				
	(expressed i	n thousands)				
	Total Cost	Net Cost				
	of Services	of Services				
	\$	\$				
Instruction	3,248	2,504				
Support Services	1,446	1,432				
Other expenses	<u>345</u>	<u> 158</u>				
Totals	5,039	4,094				

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$178,418.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$549,099.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$2,129,539 in property tax, \$1,982,483 in state foundation aid, and \$19,613 in interest income.

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the District's School Nutrition Fund were \$233,498 and expenses were \$262,616. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of 3,180,117, a thirteen percent increase under last year's ending fund balances of \$2,811,564. The primary reason was collection of local option sales tax.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's General Fund balance decreased due to inadequate funding increases and property tax devaluation. The District also increased expenditures primarily in the area of payroll and related benefits.
- The District's Capital Projects collected over \$200,000 in local option sales tax. Property tax relief and capital projects will be the primary uses of these funds.
- The District used monies saved in the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy to make improvements of over \$125,000 to the District's facilities.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The District's Nutrition Fund decreased as a result of decreased participation and increased food costs.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the cash basis. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 35 and 36.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were \$107,963 more than budgeted receipts, a variance of 2%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving more in Federal aid than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2005, the District had invested over \$3 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net decrease of 4% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$136,750.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$5,274,055. Governmental funds account for \$5,051,356, with the remainder of \$104,699 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

Figure A-6
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

	(expressed in thousands)						
	Govern	Governmental Activities June 30,		Business-type Activities June 30,		al	Total
	Activ					School District June 30,	
	June						
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2004-2005
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Land	118	1	_	_	118	1	11700.00%
Site improvements	12	14	_	-	12	14	-14.29%
Buildings	2,811	2,779	-	-	2,811	2,779	1.15%
Furniture and equipment	227	173	10	7	237	180	<u>31.67</u> %
Totals	3,168	2,967	10	7	3,178	2,974	<u>6.86</u> %

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2005, the District had \$880,000 in general obligation bonds payable. This represents a decrease of approximately 18% from last year (See Figure A-7). Additional information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements. The notes will be fully paid off in FY09.

Figure A-7
Outstanding Long-Term Obligations
(owpressed in thousands)

(expre	essed in thous	ands)		
Tot	Total			
Dist	District			
June	June 30,			
2005	2004	2004-2005		
\$	\$			
880	1,075	- <u>18.14</u> %		

General obligation bonds

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District has a solvency ratio of 9.5%. This allows some security from future state aid cuts that come after the budget year is already started. Maintenance of a healthy solvency ratio will be critical to the District's financial future.
- Adequate allowable growth is a necessity for the District to maintain its current financial position.
- Iowa law requires that unsettled salary negotiations for teachers go to mandatory arbitration. Invariably arbitrated settlements are higher than current levels of allowable growth in funding (not including the budget cuts after the contracts have been settled and people have been hired).
- Health insurance continues to be a very costly item to the District. Even though concessions have been made by employees in regard to deductibles, and coinsurance, other solutions need to be found. The skyrocketing cost of health care and the insurance to cover the cost will soon be unattainable by many.
- Unfunded mandates are stretching the limits of not only the financial health of the District, but also the human resources aspect of the District. "No Child Left Behind", "Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Act", and "GASB 34", to name a few.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jan Kuhlers, District Secretary, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District, 1460 Highway 147, Rockford, IA 50468.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	848,060	_	848,060
Receivables:	,		•
Property tax:			
Current year	39,440	_	39,440
Succeeding year	2,262,186	_	2,262,186
Interfund receivable	74,114	-	74,114
Other receivables	59 , 096	=	59,096
Inventories	-	6,138	6,138
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,167,648	9,784	3,177,432
Total assets	6,450,544	15,922	6,466,466
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	124,671	-	124,671
Accrued interest payable	3 , 570	=	3 , 570
Interfund payable	=	74,114	74,114
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	2,262,186	_	2,262,186
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	205,000	-	205,000
Portion due after one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	675,000		675,000
Total liabilities	3,270,427	74,114	3,344,541
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,287,648	9,784	2,297,432
Restricted for:			
Student activities	36,974	_	36,974
Physical plant and equipment levy	118,994	-	118,994
Capital projects	318,965	-	318,965
Unrestricted	417,536	(67,976)	349,560
Total net assets	3,180,117	(58,192)	3,121,925

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2005

		Progr	am Revenues			
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Functions/Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular instruction	2,104,568	117,959	184,799	(1,801,810)	_	(1,801,810)
Special instruction	667,200	60,459	187,809	(418,932)	_	(418,932)
Other instruction	475,955		193,060	(282,895)		(282,895)
	3,247,723	178,418	565,668	(2,503,637)		(2,503,637)
Support services:						
Student services	90,844	_	5 , 779	(85,065)	-	(85 , 065)
Instructional staff services	143,062	_	-	(143,062)	-	(143,062)
Administration services	517,660	_	-	(517,660)	_	(517 , 660)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	426,691	_	6 , 577	(420,114)	-	(420,114)
Transportation services	267,800	_	1,232	(266,568)	_	(266,568)
	1,446,057		13,588	(1,432,469)		(1,432,469)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	180,303	_	180,303	_	_	_
Facilities acquisition and construction	16,392	_	3,962	(12,430)	-	(12,430)
Long-term debt interest	51,244	_	3,174	(48,070)	_	(48,070)
Long-term debt services	400	_	-	(400)	-	(400)
Depreciation (unallocated) *	97 , 073	_	-	(97,073)	-	(97 , 073)
	345,412		187,439	(157, 973)		(157, 973)
Total governmental activities	5,039,192	178,418	766 , 695	(4,094,079)	-	(4,094,079)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2005

		Progr	am Revenues	_		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business-Type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:	0.60 61.6	104 555	100 841		(00.110)	(00 110)
Nutrition services	262,616	124,757	108,741		(29,118)	(29,118)
Total	5,301,808	303,175	875,436	(4,094,079)	(29,118)	(4,123,197)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				1,614,264	_	1,614,264
Management				118,952	_	118,952
Capital outlay				141,365	_	141,365
Debt service				254,958	_	254,958
School Infrastructure Local Option Sales Tax				281,336	_	281,336
Unrestricted state grants				1,982,483	_	1,982,483
Unrestricted investment earnings				19,613	_	19,613
Other				49,661		49,661
Total general revenue				4,462,632		4,462,632
Change in net assets				368,553	(29,118)	339,435
Net assets beginning of year				2,811,564	(29,074)	2,782,490
Net assets end of year				3,180,117	(58,192)	3,121,925

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

See notes to financial statements.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2005

				Physical Plant and	Nonmajor	
		Debt	Capital	Equipment	Special	
	General	Service	Projects	Levy	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	421,184	4,555	268 , 950	116,397	36 , 974	848,060
Property tax:						
Current year	29,957	4,684	_	2,597	2,202	39,440
Succeeding year	1,664,013	259,700	_	143,473	195,000	2,262,186
Interfund receivable	82,400	_	_	_	_	82,400
Other receivables	9,081		50,015			59,096
Total assets	2,206,635	268,939	318,965	<u>262,467</u>	234,176	3,291,182
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	123,943	_	_	_	728	124,671
Interfund payable	_	_	_	_	8,286	8,286
Deferred revenue:						
Succeeding year property tax	1,664,013	259,700	_	143,473	195,000	2,262,186
Total liabilities	1,787,956	259,700	_	143,473	204,014	2,395,143
Fund balances:						
Reserved for debt service	_	9,239	_	_	-	9,239
Reserved for capital projects	_	· _	318,965	_	_	318,965
Unreserved	418,679	_	_	118,994	30,162	567,835
Total fund balances	418,679	9,239	318,965	118,994	30,162	896,039
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	2,206,635	268,939	318,965	262,467	234,176	3,291,182

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2005

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$	896,039
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	3	,167,648
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(3,570)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(880,000)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 3	,180,117

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2005

				Physical	1	
		- 1.	a 1, 1	Plant and	Nonmajor	
	0 1	Debt	Capital	Equipment	Special	m
	General	Service	Projects	Levy	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources						
Local tax	1,614,264	254 , 958	281,336	141,365	118,952	2,410,875
Tuition	178,418	-	_	_	-	178,418
Other	80,449	3,000	3,962	6,053	193,406	286,870
State sources	2,334,476	174	_	96	82	2,334,828
Federal sources	196,754					196,754
Total revenues	4,404,361	258,132	285,298	147,514	312,440	5,407,745
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular instruction	2,088,058	-	_	_	16,510	2,104,568
Special instruction	667,200	-	_	_	_	667,200
Other instruction	274,133	-	_	-	201,822	475 , 955
	3,029,391				218,332	3,247,723
Support services:						
Student services	90,844	_	_	_	_	90,844
Instructional staff services	143,062	_	_	_	_	143,062
Administration services	517,660	_	_	_	_	517,660
Operation and maintenance						
of plant services	428,334	_	_	126,923	90,943	646,200
Transportation services	228,650	-	_	_	_	228,650
	1,408,550			126,923	90,943	1,626,416
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	180,303	_	_	_	_	180,303
Facilities acquisition and	,					
construction services	0	_	133,392	_	_	133,392
Long-term debt:						
Principal	_	195,000	_	_	_	195,000
Interest	_	52,008	_	_	_	52,008
Services	_	400	_	_	_	400
	180,303	247,408	133,392			561,103
Total expenditures	4,618,244	247,408	133,392	126,923	309,275	5,435,242

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Fund Types

Year ended June 30, 2005

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(213,883)	10,724	151,906	20,591	3,165	(27,497)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		50,000	(50,000)		_ 	50,000 (50,000)
		50,000	(50,000)			
Change in fund balances	(213,883)	60,724	101,906	20,591	3,165	(27,497)
Fund balances beginning of year	632,562	(51,485)	217,059	98,403	26,997	923,536
Fund balances end of year	418,679	9,239	318,965	118,994	30,162	896,039

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ (27,497)

195,000

764

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amount of depreciation expense in the year is as follows:

Capital outlay 336,509
Depreciation expense (136,223) 200,286

Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

General obligation bonds

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B) \$ 368,553

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2005

	School Nutrition
	<u> </u>
Operating revenue:	
Local sources: Charges for services	124,757
Charges for Services	124,737
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	91,698
Benefits	45,305
Services	268
Supplies	123,592
Other	802
Depreciation	951
Total operating expenses	262,616
Operating (loss)	(137,859)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	3,640
Federal sources	104,709
Interest income	392
	108,741
Changes in net assets	(29,118)
Net assets beginning of year	(29,074)
Net assets end of year	(58,192)

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2005

	School Nutrition
	\$
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	124,757
Cash payments to employees for services	(137,003)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(109,728)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(121,974)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	3,640
Federal grants received	90,433
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	94,073
Cash flows from capital financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,278)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	392
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(30,787)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	7,573
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	(23,214)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	(137,859)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	951
Commodities used	14,276
Decrease in inventory	658
	(121,974)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to	
specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:	
Current assets:	
Interfund payable	(23,214)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the District received federal commodities valued at \$14,276.

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Rudd, Rockford and Marble Rock, Iowa, and agricultural territory in Cerro Gordo, Floyd and Mitchell Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Floyd County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements - The Statements of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the tow preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other non-major governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used for the acquisition of capital assets (over \$500) and the maintenance and purchase of land improvements and facilities.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sale and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statement of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in Governmental Funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking the budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the Government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2003 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2005 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2004.

 $\underline{\text{Due From Other Governments}}$ - $\underline{\text{Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.}$

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and contributed value for government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	1,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	1,000
Other furniture and equipment	1,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 yea	ars
Improvements other than buildi	ngs 20-50 yea	ars
Furniture and equipment	5-15 yea	ars

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the Government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2005.

 $\underline{\text{Fund Equity}}$ - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2005 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2005.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,000	117,000		118,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site Improvements	186,449	_	_	186,449
Buildings	3,851,660	114,484	_	3,966,144
Furniture and Equipment	793,738	105,025		898,763
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,831,847	219,509		5,051,356
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site Improvements	171,863	2,729	_	174,592
Buildings	1,073,085	81,843	_	1,154,928
Furniture and Equipment	620,537	51,651		672,188
Total accumulated depreciation	1,865,485	136,223		2,001,708
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,966,362	83,286		3,049,648
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	2,967,362	200,286		3,167,648

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	101,421	3 , 278	-	104,699
Less accumulated depreciation	93,964	951		94,915
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,457	2,327		9,784
Depreciation expense was charged to the follow Governmental activities: Support services:	ing functions:			
Transportation				39,150
Unallocated				97,073
				\$ 136,223
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				<u>\$ 951</u>

(4) Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2005 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2006 2007 2008 2009	4.75% 4.80 4.90 5.00	\$205,000 210,000 225,000 240,000	42,842 33,105 23,025 12,000	247,842 243,105 248,025 252,000
Total		\$ <u>880,000</u>	<u>110,972</u>	<u>990,972</u>

(5) Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$1,075,000 - 195,000
Balance end of year	\$ 880,000

(6) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$156,435, \$150,305, and \$146,911 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(7) Risk Management

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(8) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$180,303 for year ended June 30, 2005 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(9) Financial Condition

The District's School Nutrition Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$58,192 at June 30, 2005. The District's Management Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$6,812 at June 30, 2005.

(10) Commitments

The District approved bids on a transportation center project in May, 2006. Total cost of the project is approximated at \$355,000.

(11) Interfund Receivables and Payables

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund Amount

General School Nutrition \$74,114

General Special Revenue-Management Fund \$8,286

The General Fund has loaned the School Nutrition Fund \$74,114 to offset cash shortfalls. No repayment plan has been made.

The General Fund is deemed to have loaned the Management Fund \$8,286 to cover a cash shortfall in a joint checking account.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2005

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted Amounts		Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance -
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Receipts:						
Local sources	2,903,662	125,149	3,028,811	2,955,935	2,955,935	72,876
State sources	2,334,828	3,640	2,338,468	2,434,568	2,434,568	(96,100)
Federal sources	196,754	90,433	287,187	156,000	156,000	131,187
Total receipts	5,435,244	219,222	5,654,466	5,546,503	5,546,503	107,963
Disbursements:						
Instruction	3,205,747	-	3,205,747	3,260,000	3,260,000	54,253
Support services	1,626,416	_	1,626,416	1,861,000	1,861,000	234,584
Non-instructional programs	-	250 , 009	250 , 009	299 , 927	299 , 927	49,918
Other expenditures	561,103		561,103	809,051	809,051	247,948
Total disbursements	5,393,266	250,009	5,643,275	6,229,978	6,229,978	586,703
Excess (deficiency) of receipts						
over (under) disbursements	41,978	(30,787)	11,191	(683,475)	(683,475)	694,666
Other financing sources (uses)						
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under)						
disbursements and other financing uses	41,978	(30,787)	11,191	(683 , 475)	(683,475)	694,666
Balance beginning of year	806,082	7,573	813,655	981,723	981,723	(168,068)
Balance end of year	848,060	(23,214)	824,846	298,248	298,248	526,598

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2005

	Governmental Fund Type		
	Cash Basis \$	Accrual Adjustments	Modified Accrual Basis \$
Revenues	5,435,244	(27, 499)	5,407,745
Expenditures Net	5,393,266 41,978	41,976 (69,475)	5,435,242 (27,497)
Other financing sources (uses)	±1,970	(03,473)	(27,497)
Beginning fund balances	806,082	117,454	923,536
Ending fund balances	848,060	47,979	896,039
	Pro	prietary Fund Ty	уре
		Enterprise	
	Cash Basis	Accrual Adjustments	Accrual Basis
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues Expenditures	219,222 250,009	14,276 12,607	233,498 262,616
Net	(30,787)	1,669	(29,118)
Beginning fund balances	7,573	(36,647)	(29,074)
Ending fund balances	(23,214)	(34,978)	(58,192)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2005

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with <u>Governmental Accounting Standard Board</u> Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the cash basis. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2005, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any of the four functions. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2005

	Management	Student Activity	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash	-	36 , 974	36 , 974
Property tax receivable:			
Current year	2,202	_	2,202
Succeeding year	195,000		195,000
Total assets	197,202	36,974	234,176
Liabilities and Fund Equity			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	728	-	728
Interfund payable	8,286	-	8,286
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	195,000		195,000
	204,014		204,014
Fund equity:			
Unreserved fund balance	(6,812)	36,974	30,162
	(6,812)	36,974	30,162
Total liabilities and fund equity	197,202	36,974	234,176

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year ended June 30, 2005

	Student		
	Management	Activity	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:			
Local sources:			
	110 050		110 050
Local tax	118,952	-	118,952
Other	346	193,060	193,406
State sources	82		82
Total revenues	119,380	193,060	312,440
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular instruction	16,510	_	16,510
Co-curricular instruction	_	201,822	201,822
Support services:		•	,
Plant operation and maintenance	90,943		90,943
Total expenditures	107,453	201,822	309,275
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	11,927	(8,762)	3,165
Fund balances beginning of year	(18,739)	45,736	26,997
Balance end of year	(6,812)	36,974	30,162

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2005

	Balance Beginning	_	- 111	Balance End of
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Athletics	8,847	31,785	34,457	6 , 175
Cheerleaders	1,561	5 , 089	5 , 945	705
Concessions	_	12,976	12,878	98
Dance Team	904	791	1,190	505
Drama	2,458	5,266	4,485	3,239
FFA	5,070	31,195	30,245	6,020
Peer Mediation	27	-	-	27
MS Student Council	1,156	1,731	2,006	881
Instrumental Music	2,185	1,695	3,513	367
Music Trip	8,486	61,913	68 , 529	1,870
Vocal Music	2,907	1,528	3,119	1,316
Pepsi Account	76	_	_	76
Annual	26	7,879	6,675	1,230
R Club	269	_	_	269
SADD	486	_	_	486
Spanish Club	411	1,688	425	1,674
Speech	465	514	361	618
Student Council	6 , 272	5,867	6,332	5,807
Weightlifting	385	_	-	385
UN Model Group	271	1,872	1,624	519
RRMR Elementary	904	1,974	1,281	1,597
Class of 2004	184	_	184	_
Class of 2005	2,079	_	2,079	_
Class of 2006	157	13,837	11,244	2,750
Class of 2007	150	93	-	243
Class of 2008	-	367	250	117
Coca Cola		5,000	5,000	
m 1	45.506	100.000	001 000	26.054
Total	45,736	<u>193,060</u>	201,822	36,974

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function

	Modified Accrual Basis			
	2005	2004	2003	2002
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Local sources:				
General	1,614,264	1,651,842	1,606,852	1,569,722
Special revenue/debt service	515,275	495,245	458,445	431,203
Capital projects	281,336	216,000	-	_
	2,410,875	2,363,087	2,065,297	2,000,925
State sources:				
General	2,334,476	2,298,335	2,348,906	2,088,049
Special revenue/debt service	352	315	300	301
School nutrition	3,640	3,860	4,115	4,207
	2,338,468	2,302,510	2,353,321	2,092,557
Federal sources:				
General	196,754	191,840	117,350	137,635
Special revenue/debt service	· –	_	60,865	_
School nutrition	104,709	105,815	112,715	113,168
	301,463	297,655	290,930	250,803
Total	5,050,806	4,963,252	4,709,548	4,344,285

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District:

Compliance

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statement listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon date November 3, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide and opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial. reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item 05-I-A is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2005 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District and other parties to whom Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK Certified Public Accountant

November 3, 2005

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2005

Part I: Findings Related to the General Purpose Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

05-I-A SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

<u>Comment</u> - One important aspect of the internal control structure is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. We have noted the duties of the individual include: 1) preparation of checks, signing of checks, recording the transactions in the journals, and reconciling the bank; 2) receiving cash receipts, preparing the receipt, making up the bank deposit, and recording the transaction in the journals.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of administrative employees, segregation of duties to eliminate incompatible duties is difficult. We also realize the job description, as defined by the Code of Iowa, of certain members of the administrative staff make the segregations even more difficult and the elimination of the possibility of administrative override of the system improbable. However, we feel the board and administration should review these policies annually and with each personnel change to insure the best possible control climate is maintained.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$ - We will investigate alternative procedures which will improve our system of internal controls.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 05-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District.

 The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2005.
- 05-II-B Certified Budget Disbursements for the year ended June 30, 2005, did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- O5-II-C Questionable Disbursements We noted no disbursements that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 05-II-D Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- 05-II-E <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and <u>District officials or employees were noted.</u>
- 05-II-F Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2005

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

05-II-G	Board Minutes - We noted no transactions requiring Board approval which had not
	been approved by the Board.

- 05-II-H <u>Deposits and Investments</u> We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy.
- 05-II-I <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
- 05-II-J <u>Certified Enrollment</u> We noted no variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education.
- 05-II-K Financial Condition We noted that the District's School Nutrition Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$58,192 at June 30, 2005. The District's Management Fund had a deficit balance of \$6,812 at June 30, 2005.

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{return these funds to a sound financial position.}}$

Response - We will investigate alternatives as recommended.

Conclusion - Response accepted.